

WASHINGTON.

THE WAR OF RACES IN VIRGINIA.

Arrest of an incendiary colored orator in Richmond.

Presentation of the New Colombian Minister to the President.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12, 1867.
11:20 o'clock P. M.

The War of Races—The Blacks in Council Over a Forcible Distribution of the Lands—Arrest of an incendiary colored orator in Richmond, and of Judge Parker, of Winchester.

Major Frank A. Butts, formerly Superintendent of the Freedmen's Bureau in Kinz William county, paid a visit on Saturday to his friends in this city. Sixty or seventy negroes had assembled at the Court House on that day with their candidate for the Convention, one E. W. Massie, to have a jubilee over their victory. Major Butts was quietly playing backgammon with a friend in the parlor of the hotel, when he heard furious yells and shouts from the negroes, daring him to come out, threatening to take his life. He went to the door, and saw a mob of negroes, some of whom were armed with clubs and stones. He was surrounded by the mob, and they began to throw stones at him. He was hit in the head and arm, and fell to the ground. He was then taken to the hospital, where he is now recovering from his wounds.

Mr. Massie, who was the candidate for the Convention, was also arrested. He was taken to the jail, where he is now confined. The arrest of Massie and Butts has caused a great deal of excitement in the city. The negroes are very angry at the arrest of their leaders, and they are threatening to take more drastic action.

The presentation of the new Colombian Minister to the President took place yesterday. The Minister, a man of high rank and distinguished appearance, was received with great honor by the President and the members of the Cabinet.

The President's message to Congress, which was read yesterday, contains many important provisions. It deals with the reconstruction of the South, and the rights of the freedmen. It also contains provisions for the improvement of the public lands.

The House of Representatives has passed a bill for the improvement of the public lands. The bill provides for the sale of the lands to the highest bidder, and for the use of the proceeds for the improvement of the lands.

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ALABAMA.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE HERALD.

The Proposition to Remove the Cotton Tax—Congress Petitioned to Take Away the Lands from the Planters—The Franchise Question.

MOBILE, Ala., Nov. 12, 1867.
9 o'clock P. M.

The convention met to-day, but very little business was transacted. Wm. Raper, colored, offered a resolution providing for the payment of all debts contracted during the rebellion at whatever was the value of said paper.

Mr. Bingham offered a resolution in regard to persons who had been paid sums of money since the close of the war on account of services during the rebellion rendered to the Government.

Mr. Reynolds presented a petition for the consideration of the Committee on the Cotton Tax, memorializing Congress to remove the tax on cotton.

The debate on the report of the Franchise Committee was then resumed. Various amendments were proposed, and pending the discussion the Convention adjourned.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE HERALD.

Another installment of the Negro-Puritan Convention—Various Forms of Negro Religion—A Negro Disputant—His Hallucinations—The Convention's Consideration—Whether It Shall Elect the Next Governor and Other Officials of Alabama.

MOBILE, Ala., Nov. 8, 1867.

The Convention assembled this morning, and after engaging in its usual morning devotions proceeded to business.

The prearranged Bingham opened the ball by offering the following resolution:

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed to wait upon Major General Pope and confer with him in regard to organizing a provisional government for this State, and to advise him in regard to the proposed government within the next twenty days.

Mr. Bingham explained this resolution at considerable length, saying that the present incumbents of most of the State and county offices were men opposed to reconstruction and "our" ticket, and had obstructed in every way the progress of the Convention.

Resolved, That the Committee on Preamble and Bill of Rights be requested to insert in their report a special ordinance abolishing and removing all laws, regulations or restrictions which have been enacted by the Legislature of Alabama, and which are in violation of the rights of the colored people.

Mr. Caraway, the editorial dandy from Mobile, read a resolution instructing the Committee on Public Institutions to report a special ordinance for the purpose of abolishing and removing all laws, regulations or restrictions which have been enacted by the Legislature of Alabama, and which are in violation of the rights of the colored people.

Mr. Griffin offered the following ordinance, which was referred:

Resolved, That the Committee on Finance be requested to report a special ordinance for the purpose of abolishing and removing all laws, regulations or restrictions which have been enacted by the Legislature of Alabama, and which are in violation of the rights of the colored people.

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THE STATE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE HERALD.

Announcement of the Death of David L. Seymour—Resolutions of Condolence.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 12, 1867.

The Constitutional Convention met at twelve o'clock noon, and was called to order by Hon. William A. Wheeler, president.

The Journal of the last day's proceedings was read and approved.

Mr. MARTIN L. TOWNSEND announced in appropriate language the death of Hon. David L. Seymour, of Rochester, a member of the Convention from the State at large.

Hon. ANAS J. PARKER offered the following: Resolved, That the Convention do hereby express its deep regret for the death of David L. Seymour, and that it do hereby adopt the following resolutions of condolence:

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CITY POLITICS.

Mayor's Minority Convention—Fernando Wood's Victory—The Mayor's Majority Nominating Convention.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12, 1867.

The Mayor's Minority Convention, held at the Hotel de Ville, elected Fernando Wood as its candidate for Mayor.

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ARGENTINE CONFEDERATION.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE HERALD.

Free Outbreak in Santa Fe—The Presidential Campaign—Leading Candidates—Fernando Wood's Victory.

Buenos Aires, S. P., Sept. 27, 1867.

Again we have trouble in the interior provinces. A revolution has broken out in Santa Fe, and the rebels are marching towards Buenos Aires.

The Argentine Confederation is in a state of great excitement. The rebels are marching towards Buenos Aires, and the government is preparing to meet them.

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